

Learning Objectives

- These should be clearly displayed at the start of a piece of work after the date. Where appropriate Learning Objectives can be pre prepared by the teacher on labels and placed into the pupils' book in the appropriate place.
- At the end of the piece of work the teacher should highlight the child's achievement towards the objective in the following colours:
 - Green = achieved
 - Yellow = partially achieved
 - Pink = not achieved
- Children will self-assess next to the learning objective to identify how well they think they have achieved their learning in the following manner:
 - 3 ticks = achieved
 - 2 ticks = partially achieved
 - 1 tick = not achieved

Live Marking

This is a developmental comment against the learning objective that intervenes to support, consolidate, accelerate or challenge the child's learning.

- Adults should mark in green highlighters where the child has met the learning and pink highlighters where the child has not met the learning. Adults should not highlight all work but a quantity that helps the child with their learning.
- It is important that whilst highlighting the adult explains the misconception to the child so that they can edit their work and develop their understanding.
- Next steps for learning are important in order to deepen the child's understanding, these can be carried out during the lesson as challenges or at the next of the next lesson. Next steps should be written in green pen or with sticky labels
- It is advised that adults use Blooms questioning to support next steps.
- Adults should highlight next steps with a green or pink highlighter to show the children that their challenges are just as important as the main content of the work.
- Children should respond to adults with a purple polishing pen to clearly demonstrate their editing and improvement of the work.
- The school reward system will be used for pieces of work where appropriate, teachers will use visualizers to use children's work as an exemplar to others.
- Teachers should ensure that they use neat and legible handwriting, modelling the school's adopted handwriting scheme, when commenting on children's work.

Verbal Feedback

- Verbal feedback is part of the live marking process and is important in supporting learning.
- It is also particularly appropriate for speaking and listening or other activities where no written/concrete outcome is produced.

Development of Spelling, Punctuation and Grammar

- It is important to develop independence in children so that they are able to find and correct their own spelling, punctuation and grammar errors using a variety of tools. Until this skill is learnt adults will highlight the error or the column where the error occurs in pink. Children will edit the error using a purple polishing pen.

Presentation

- The teaching team should expect high levels of presentation at all times.
- Work on all pages in the book
- Write and underline the date and title, the date will be numerical in maths books
- Use a black pen or a pencil to write
- A ruler should be used to underline titles and sub-headings
- In maths books a ruler should be used to draw shapes, graphs and labelled diagrams.
- In maths books when writing numbers one digit should be written in its own square.
- If work needs to be stuck into a book, edges should be trimmed and work should be stuck in neatly and straight.
- Clear book agreement expectations by teachers and children should be at the start of all new books.

Self and Peer Assessment

- We want to encourage children to be reflective learners and to have a real grasp of their own strengths and areas to develop. By being involved in marking their own work, or by giving feedback to a peer, based on clear success criteria, pupils can demonstrate a sophisticated level of understanding about the learning taking place in a lesson or over a period of lessons.
- Self and Peer assessment can be carried out in a variety of ways, there is no one set method, however, children should use a **purple pen**.
- Purple pen writing should be written to the same standard as other work.

Early Years

- Assessment evidence should be collected and recorded against the Development Matters Curriculum and the Early Learning Goals.
- Work should be marked following the marking policy.

Supply

- Where supply teachers have covered for a short period they should initial the page to indicate that it was not the usual class teacher.
- Cases where a supply teacher is used over a long period of time the marking policy should be adhered to.

Students

- Where a student teacher is working with a class, they should mark work under the guidance of the class teacher and in line with the marking policy.

Monitoring of Marking

- Marking and feedback will be monitored by the Leadership team through book scrutinies and learning walks.
- During the monitoring cycle children will be selected at random by the Leadership team.

Moderation

- Subject Leaders will organise moderation on a regular basis, with the support of the Head Teacher. Moderation will provide opportunities to share good practice and ensure parity in the way that the marking policy is applied.

- Teaching staff are expected to participate in Trust moderation meetings.